# Technical Documentation

Sound Level Calibrator Type 4231

Brüel & Kjær 🛶

English BB 0910-12

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## User Manual Sound Level Calibrator Type 4231

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## About this User Manual

This User Manual concerns the use of Sound Level Calibrator Type 4231.

Chapter 1 describes the basic functions of the calibrator and how to prepare it for use.

Chapter 2 gives a basic calibration procedure.

Chapter 3 contains technical details about the principle of operation of the calibrator and how it is affected by ambient conditions.

Chapter 4 is about service and repair.

Chapter 5 contains the specifications.

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## Introduction and Controls

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## 1.1 Description

Sound Level Calibrator Type 4231 is used to calibrate sound level meters and other sound measurement equipment. You can calibrate 1" diameter microphones directly and  $^{1}\!/_{2}$ " microphones using the adaptor (UC 0210) supplied with the calibrator. With available adaptors (see section 1.5), you can calibrate other microphones and instruments.

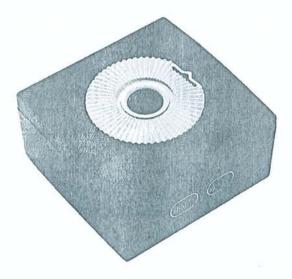


Fig.1.1 Sound Level Calibrator Type 4231

## 1.2 On/Off Button

Press the On/Off button (see Fig. 1.1) to start the calibrator. To save the batteries, the calibrator will automatically switch off again after a short time if you have not fitted a microphone.

If you are using a coupler smaller than  $\frac{1}{2}$ ", the calibrator will not switch off automatically, even when there is no microphone fitted.

When you want the calibrator to keep working, even when there is no microphone or coupler fitted, put it down on a flat surface (such as a table) with the opening facing downwards. This is useful if you are calibrating several microphones one after the other.

**Note**: If the calibrator cannot maintain the specified sound pressure level, for example because of a leakage at the adaptor, it will switch off automatically.

To switch the calibrator off, press the On/Off button again.

## 1.3 +20 dB Level Step

The  $+20\,dB$  level step button (see Fig. 1.1) increases the sound pressure level by  $20\,dB$  (to  $114\,dB$ ). Using this button you can calibrate in noisy environments and check linearity.

If the calibrator is already switched on when you press the +20 dB level step button, the 114 dB sound pressure level is only produced as long as you hold the button down.

To start the calibrator so that it works at the higher level all the time, hold down the  $+20\,\mathrm{dB}$  button and press the On/Off button. The calibrator will now work at the 114 dB level until it is switched off.

**Note**: With some special microphones (for example, Weather-proof Microphone Unit Type 4184) the calibrator cannot maintain the 114 dB level, and will switch off automatically.

## 1.4 Batteries

The calibrator uses two  $1.5\,\mathrm{V}$  IEC Type LR6 (American "AA") size batteries, Brüel & Kjær order number QB 0013. If you want

to use other types of batteries, we recommend that you choose only good quality alkaline batteries.

When the batteries need changing, the calibrator stops working continuously, and only works if you hold down the **On/Off** button. There is enough power left in the batteries to use the calibrator in this way for about 10 hours. The sound pressure level generated will always be within the tolerances as long as the calibrator can be operated.

To keep the batteries and the calibrator in good condition:

- If you are not going to use the calibrator for a long period of time take the batteries out
- Always take old batteries out as soon as they become exhausted

#### To Replace the Batteries

- 1. Take the calibrator out of its case.
- Remove the <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>" adaptor.
- Remove the two battery lids on each side of the <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>" adaptor by sliding them outwards (see Fig. 1.2).
- Replace the batteries making sure that the polarity of the batteries is the same as the markings in each battery compartment.
- Replace both battery compartment lids and the <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>" adaptor on the calibrator and put it back in its case.

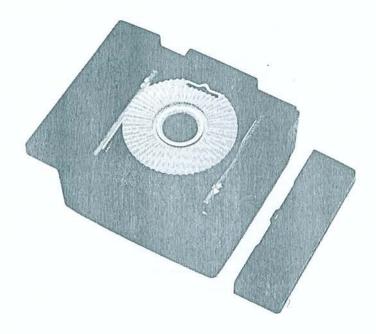


Fig.1.2 Replacing the batteries

## 1.5 Adaptors

Sound Level Calibrator Type 4231 is mainly intended to be used when calibrating instruments with 1" and  $^1\!I_2$ " microphones. With other adaptors, you can also use the calibrator for calibrating the following microphones and instruments:

- Brüel & Kjær  $^{1}\!/_{\!4}{''}$  and  $^{1}\!/_{\!8}{''}$  Microphones
- · Noise Dose Meter Type 4436
- Weatherproof Microphone Unit Type 4184
- Head and Torso Simulator Type 4128
- Brüel & Kjær Intensity Probe Sets
- Brüel & Kjær \*Studio Microphones

When you are using these adaptors, the accuracy is reduced slightly and you must use a Calibration Level Correction to compensate for this. The adaptors and Calibration Level Corrections are shown in Table 1.1.

Adaptor	Cal. Level Correction	
DP 0775		
DP 0774	0.0 dB	
DP 0682		
DP 0750		
DP 0781 <sup>①</sup>		
DP 0887	+0.5 dB	
UC 0210 <sup>(2)</sup>	+2.0 dB	
DP 0888 <sup>③</sup>	+3.0 dB	
	DP 0775 DP 0774 DP 0682 DP 0750 DP 0781 DP 0887 UC 0210 DP 0210	

 $<sup>^{\</sup>scriptsize{\textcircled{\scriptsize{1}}}}$  This adaptor delivered with the noise dose meter.

## Table 1.1 Adaptors and Calibration Level Corrections for Sound Level Calibrator Type 4231

Note: When you are using these adaptors, the automatic "switchoff" circuit on the calibrator does not work. Because of this, you must switch off the calibrator manually.

## Calibrating 1" Microphones

To calibrate a 1" microphone, take out the green 1/2" adaptor (UC 0210), which is supplied with the calibrator, by twisting it about 1/4 of a turn anti-clockwise as shown in Fig. 1.3. Then fit the microphone into the 1" opening underneath for calibrating it.

The 114 dB level cannot be used.

This only performs an SPL calibration. For intensity calibrations use Sound Intensity Calibrator

<sup>\*</sup> For all enquires about Brüel & Kjær Studio Microphones please contact Danish Pro Audio ApS, DK-3450 Allerød, Denmark, Tel.: (+45) 4814 2828, Fax: (+45) 4814 2700.

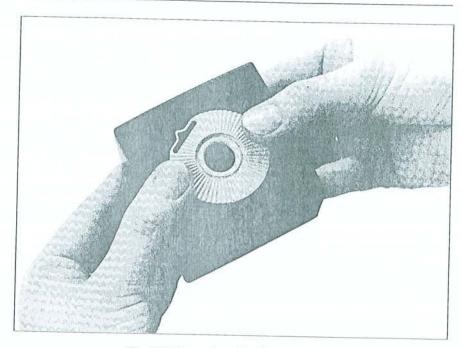


Fig.1.3 Removing the 1/2" adaptor

# Operation

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# 2.1 Calibration Procedure

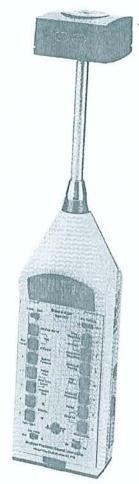


Fig. 2.1 Positioning the calibrator on a Modular Precision Sound Level Meter Type 2231

1. Select the correct adaptor for the microphone you want to calibrate and fit it to the calibrator (see section 1.5).

- Press the microphone into the opening in the calibrator, see Fig. 2.1.
- Press the On/Off button on the calibrator.
- 4. Adjust the sensitivity of measuring equipment to read the correct value.

Refer to Table 2.1 for corrected calibration levels for various types of microphones and sound fields.

Remember: When you are using special adaptors add the Calibration Level Correction for the particular adaptor (see Table 1.1).

- Remove the calibrator from the microphone.
- 6. Switch off the calibrator before closing the flap on its case.

# 2.2 Correction for Microphone Characteristics

The sound pressure level produced by the calibrator is  $94.0\,\mathrm{dB}$  re  $20\,\mu\mathrm{Pa}$ . However, if you are calibrating a microphone which is not going to be used for pressure measurements (for example, microphones used on sound level meters should be calibrated for free- or random-field measurements) a small correction is necessary. This correction compensates for the difference between the microphone pressure sensitivity that you get with the calibrator and the sensitivity in the actual sound field (free or random) in which you are using the microphone. Table 2.1 shows the corrected calibration levels obtained with the calibrator for different sound fields and for different sizes of Brüel & Kjær Microphones.

# Characteristics

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# 3.1 Influence of Ambient Pressure

For normal use, the influence of atmospheric pressure on the sound pressure level produced by the calibrator is so small that you can ignore it.

Fig. 3.1 shows the effect that variations in atmospheric pressure have on the sound pressure level produced. It is a linear relationship caused by changes in the sensitivity of the calibrator's reference microphone which varies directly with changes in static pressure.

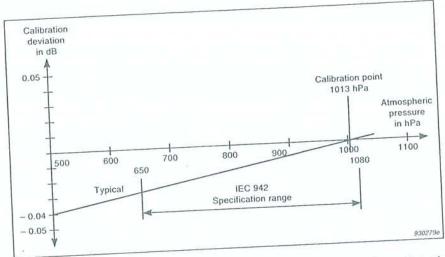


Fig.3.1 Typical variation of sound pressure level as a function of static pressure at 20°C

# 3.2 Influence of Ambient Temperature

Under normal conditions, the influence of changes in ambient temperature on the sound pressure level produced by the calibrator are so small that you can ignore them.

You can see the effect of ambient temperature changes in Fig.3.2. These are mainly caused by variations in the reference micro-

phone's sensitivity. The electronic compensation corrects for the influence of temperature on the microphone's nominal sensativity, and the deviation is caused by the variation from this nominal value.

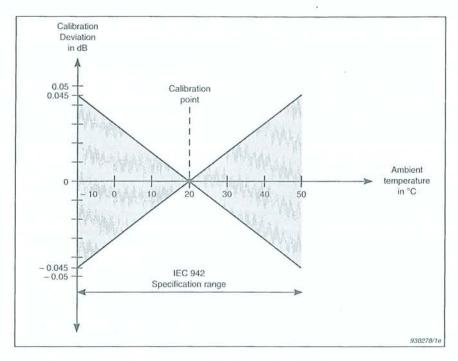


Fig.3.2 Typical calibration uncertainty at 1013 hPa due to variation in ambient temperature

## 3.3 Influence of Load Volume

The calibrator uses a feed-back technique to create a very low output impedance (refer to section 3.7 for a more detailed description). This minimizes the influence of varying acoustic loading and, as a result, the sound pressure level does not change for different sizes of microphone (from  $^{1}/_{8}"$  to 1"). This means that you do not need to have an exact fit between the coupler and the microphone you are calibrating.

The specified equivalent coupler volume is based on the assumption that the sound field generated in the coupler is homogeneous. That is, both the built-in reference microphone and the microphone you are calibrating are exposed to the same sound pressure level.

## 3.4 Traceability

Calibration of Sound Level Calibrator Type 4231 is traceable to both the Danish Primary Laboratory of Acoustics (DPLA) and the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST), USA.

## 3.5 Stability

The stability mentioned in the specification consists of two parts:

- A short-term stability (defined in IEC 942) which covers fluctuation and repeatability
- A long-term stability based on an analysis of the electrical circuit/reference microphone.

Note: These are only valid for calibrators that have not been subjected to conditions outside the specified environmental range.

## 3.6 Recalibration of the Calibrator

The ANSI S1.40 standard recommends that you should recalibrate your calibrator at least once a year. This can be done by an authorised Brüel&Kjær representative or by a recognised standards laboratory or institution.

#### How the Calibrator Works 3.7

The calibrator uses a feed-back loop based on a reference microphone (see Fig.3.3). Using this technique, the calibrator is highly stable and almost insensitive to variations in static pressure and temperature. The reference microphone has been specially developed for this purpose and is optimized for the 1 kHz calibration frequency.

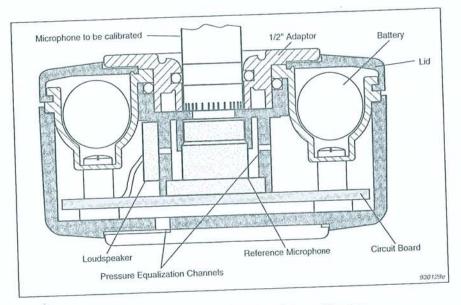


Fig. 3.3 Cross-sectional view of the calibrator

Fig.3.4 shows a block diagram that illustrates how the calibrator's electronic circuit works. The main components of the diagram are described in the following sections:

#### Feed-back Circuit

The signal from the microphone is fed to the feed-back circuit. The feed-back circuit contains:

- a band-pass filter
- a temperature compensation circuit

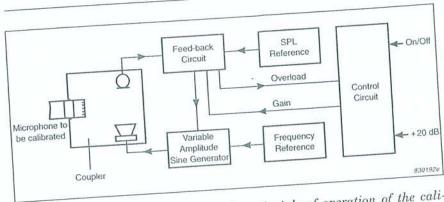


Fig. 3.4 Block diagram illustrating the principle of operation of the cali-

- a detector
- an adjustment for the sound pressure level
- an amplifier with adjustable gain (the gain is reduced by 20 dB when the +20 dB level step is activated).

## SPL Reference

The SPL reference is a voltage that the calibrator uses for two critical applications: for comparison with the feed-back and as the polarization for the reference microphone. Using the same voltage source for these applications makes the calibrator insensitive to variation in this voltage.

# Variable Amplitude Sine Generator

The variable amplitude sine generator produces a 1kHz sine wave which drives the loudspeaker (see Fig. 3.4). The output from feed-back circuit is used to control the signal produced by the variable amplitude sine generator.

## Frequency Reference

This is a quartz-controlled oscillator used to maintain the stability of the frequency of the sine wave produced by the variable amplitude sine generator.

### Control Circuit

The control circuit switches the calibrator on or off when you press the On/Off button. It also adjusts the gain in the feedback circuit when the +20 dB button is pressed.

The control circuit checks to make sure that the sound pressure level generated by the calibrator is within the accepted range. If the sound pressure level is outside the accepted range (for example, if a test microphone has not been detected), the circuit automatically switches the calibrator off after approximately four seconds.

## 3.8 Construction

To avoid large pressures inside the coupler when you insert a microphone, the coupler and the cavity, inside as well as outside the calibrator are connected by channels. These channels also reduce the pressure variations caused by handling the calibrator. These pressure equalization channels have a low cut-off frequency to minimize the effect of outside noise.

The coupler volume in the calibrator is shaped like a Helmholtz resonator and has a resonance frequency of 1 kHz. This makes the acoustic system efficient and suppresses higher order distortion components.

Service and Repair

The calibrator is designed and constructed to provide you with many years of reliable operation. However, if a fault occurs which impairs its correct function, then remove the batteries to prevent the risk of further damage. For repair, contact your local Brüel & Kjær service representative.

Specifications

## Specifications 4231

#### STANDARDS SATISFIED:

IEC942 (1988), Sound Calibrators, Class 1 ANSI S1.40-1984, Specifications for Acoustic Calibrators

#### SPECIFIED MICROPHONE TYPES:

(Conforms to IEC 942 Class 1) Brüel&Kjær 1" and 1/2", 1/4", 1/8" with adaptor

#### NOMINAL SOUND PRESSURE LEVEL:

94.0 dB ±0.2 dB or 114.0 dB ±0.2 dB re 20 μPa at reference conditions

#### EQUIVALENT FREE-FIELD LEVEL:

(0° incidence, re Nominal Sound Pressure Level) -0.15 dB for 1/2" Brüel & Kjær Microphones

#### EQUIVALENT RANDOM INCIDENCE LEVEL:

(re Nominal Sound Pressure Level) +0.0 dB for 1", 1/2", 1/4" and 1/8" Brüel & Kjær Microphones

#### REFERENCE CONDITIONS:

Ambient Temperature: 20°C (68°F) Ambient Pressure: 1013hPa Ambient Humidity: 65%RH Load: Microphone Type 4134 (0.25 cm3)

#### AMBIENT CONDITIONS:

Temperature: -10° to +50°C (14° to 122°F) Pressure: 650 to 1080 hPa

Humidity: 10 to 90%RH (without condensation)
Effective Load Volume: 0 to 1.5 cm<sup>3</sup>

#### INFLUENCE OF AMBIENT CONDITIONS:

(typical) Temperature Coefficient: ±0.0015 dB/°C Pressure Coefficient: +8·10<sup>-5</sup> dB/hPa Humidity Coefficient: 0.001 dB/%RH

#### LEVEL STABILITY:

Short Term: Better than 0.02 dB (as specified in IEC 942)

One Year: Better than 0.05 dB ( $\sigma$ =96%)

Stabilisation Time: 5.0 s

#### NOMINAL EFFECTIVE COUPLER VOLUME: >200 cm3 at reference conditions

#### FREQUENCY:

1 kHz ±0.1%

## TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION (THD):

#### STORAGE TEMPERATURE RANGE: -25° to 70°C (-13° to 158°F)

#### PROTECTION CLASS:

(with leather protection case) IP50 (IEC 529)

#### BATTERIES:

Type: 2×1.5V IEC Type LR6 ("AA" size)
Lifetime: Typically 100 hours continuous operation with alkaline batteries at 20°C (68°F) Check: When about ten hours of the batteries' lifetime remain, the calibrator can only be operated by keeping the On/Off button pressed. The generated sound level will be within the tolerances as long as the calibrator can be operated

#### DIMENSIONS (WITHOUT CASE):

Height: 40 mm (1.5") Width: 72 mm (2.8") Depth: 72 mm (2.8")

#### WEIGHT:

150 g (0.33 lb.) (including batteries)

## Ordering Information

Type 4231: Sound Level Calibrator includes the following accessories: KE 0317: Leather Case

2×QB 0013: Alkaline Batteries Type LR6 Adaptor for 1/2" microphones

#### Optional Accessories

DE 0781: Adaptor for Noise Dose Meter

Type 4436

DP 0775: DP 0774:

UC 0210:

DP 0682:

Adaptor for 1/4" microphones Adaptor for 1/8" microphones Adaptor for Brüel & Kjær Studio Microphones Types 4003/4006

DP 0750: DP 0887:

Adaptor for Brüel & Kjær Studio Microphones Types 4004/4007 Adaptor for Head and Torso

Simulator Type 4128

DP 0888 Adaptor for Intensity Probe Sets UA 1072-

Adaptor for Weatherproof Microphone Unit Type 4184

 For all enquires about Brüel & Kjær Studio Microphones please contact Danish Pro Audio ApS, DK-3450 Allerød, Denmark, Tel.: (+45) 48142828, Fax: (+45) 48142700

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## Brüel & Kjær 🛶

## **Packing Note**

Type/Partno.

Description

4231

Sound Pressure Calibrator

Partno.	Quantity	Description		
DD 0511	2	Battery cover		
KE 0317	1	Leathercase		
QB 0013	2	Battery, alkaline	1,5V	1,5Ah

B. R. 71

Packed and controlled by:

If the accessories included specified in the Product Data Sheet or Manual differ from the items supplied, the items mentioned on the Packing Note / List are valid.



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