



accessibility



Making environmental information available free of charge within the reach of all. Information and communication technologies are the most effective tools for accessing information

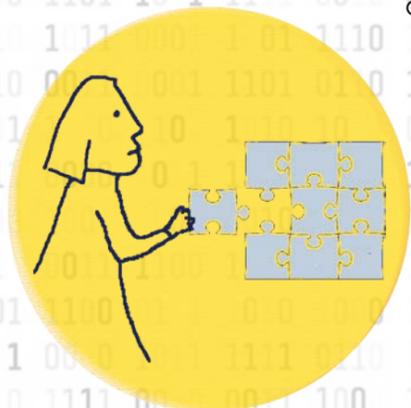
clarity

Using a simple and relevant language everyone can understand, even someone without any technical competences, ensuring that the information supplied can be fully exploited



completeness

Ensuring minimum basic relevant information describing the contents, the alternative scenarios considered, the environmental risks (including health risks) and the cumulative effects in a thorough and logical manner



reliability

Supplying environmental information based on scientifically valid methods and updated data derived from secured, easily verifiable and comparable sources, arranged according to recognised national and international standards



promptness

Ensuring real-time information and participation right from the start of the decision-making process, to give everyone the chance to express themselves promptly and participate in the final decision

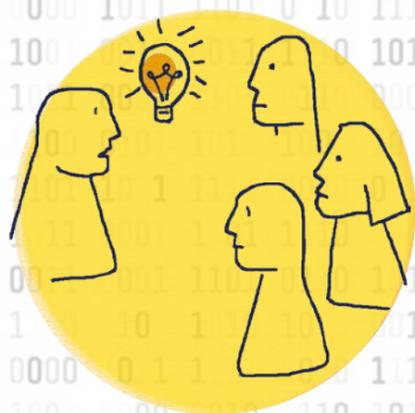


evidence

Disseminating the results of public consultations and the information about the players involved in the decision-making process, roles, times, decisions made, documents and comments produced and results of the participation



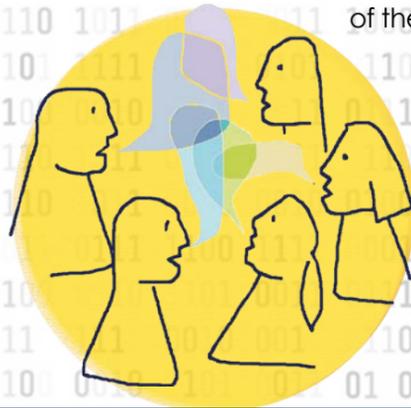
facilitation



Promoting the use of tools methods that facilitate direct citizen involvement in a clear and reasonable dialogue on the risks, benefits and answers identified

dialogue

Supporting dialogue and shared choices between developers, evaluators and local communities. Active listening of those affected by the results of the decision-making process, and a transparent and on-going debate on the effects of the decisions made



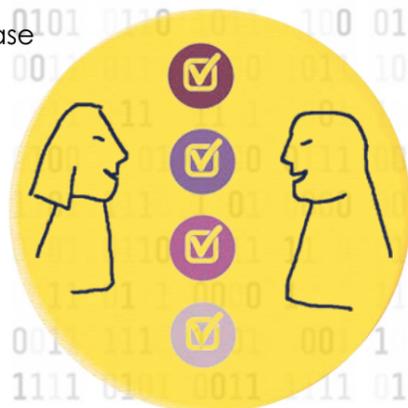
valorization

Valorising the participation results, motivating citizens to actively participate in the decision-making process, as this can affect local transformations. Clearly highlighting how citizens' participation has affected the plan/programme or project



acknowledgement

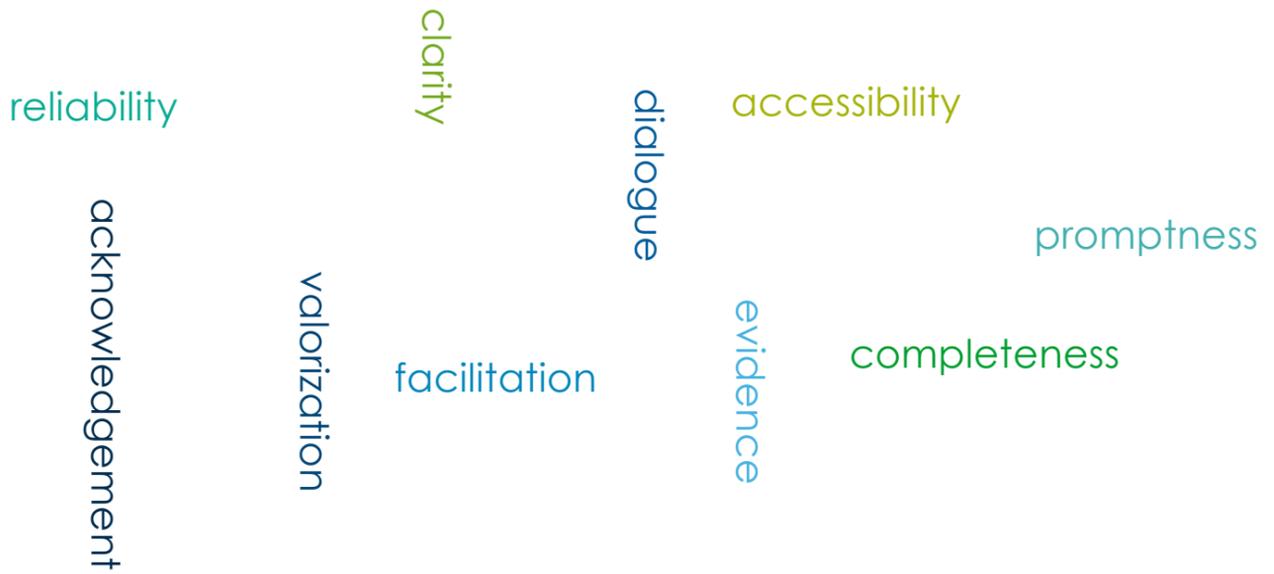
Ensuring the actual conformity between the programming results and the needs and priorities of the affected community, by providing for the participation of the environmental authorities, stakeholders and the public, also in the monitoring phase



CREIAMO PA

CHARTER OF PRINCIPLES transparency and participation in environmental assessments





accessibility

ACTIONS/TOOLS

- User-friendly environmental assessment websites
- Environmental open data and metadata
- Information and communication technology (ICT)

ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT
PROCESS PHASES



clarity

ACTIONS/TOOLS

- Summary in non-technical language
- Graphics and images/maps
- Mind maps to summarize the logical steps of technical and methodological contents
- Participation process diaries highlighting the roles of each player, logical steps, assessment criteria
- Targeted training on document language and structure
- Standard forms for Public Administration (decisions), Developers and Proceeding Authorities (public notice), citizens/associations/ Public Administration (comments)

ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT
PROCESS PHASES



completeness

ACTIONS/TOOLS

- Guidance documents
- Technical guidelines and regulations for document drafting
- Shared knowledge tools (indicators, models, reference regulations)
- Targeted training on document content
- Reference environmental frameworks

ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT
PROCESS PHASES



reliability

ACTIONS/TOOLS

- Quotes from reliable sources
- Reference to sector studies
- Reference to good practices
- Localization/Contextualization of the issues assessed
- Shared databases

ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT
PROCESS PHASES



promptness

ACTIONS/TOOLS

- Websites, apps and social network dedicated and updated in real time
- Scoping stage as open as possible to the public
- Synchronizing the information in IT administrative files on environmental assessment procedures with the information published on the relevant websites

ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT
PROCESS PHASES



evidence

ACTIONS/TOOLS

- Publication of the comments and summary of the consultation results on websites
- Minimum basic information on the process (launch date, requests and integration acquisitions, suspensions, adoption of the decision, etc.) and documentation availability
- Mapping of the players representative of the different social groups
- Highlighting the participative contribution in "generating alternatives" in different forms (technological, location, strategical), by making sure they are based on shared selection criteria

ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT
PROCESS PHASES



facilitation

ACTIONS/TOOLS

- Public debate, public inquiry, forums and hearings open to the public, held when and where citizens and stakeholders can participate
- Facilitators
- Facilitation techniques, with shared times, roles and methods via workshops for experts and forums
- Risk management and communication techniques

ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT
PROCESS PHASES



dialogue

ACTIONS/TOOLS

- Environmental observatories
- Permanent expert committees in communication with local communities
- Conflict mediation
- Debate between Administrations and Developers prior to establishing the prescriptive framework

ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT
PROCESS PHASES



valorization

ACTIONS/TOOLS

- Information on the effects produced by participation in the decision-making process
- Diffusion of the results and acceptance/non-acceptance of the proposals submitted, while recognizing the added value of participation
- Communication, awareness, education to participation and capacity building campaigns/events
- E-learning (remote environmental training)

ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT
PROCESS PHASES



acknowledgement

ACTIONS/TOOLS

- Public acknowledgement of the environmental monitoring results, also through dedicated websites
- Ensuring enough (human and economic) resources for the environmental monitoring and participation process that will follow the entire plan and programme life cycle

ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT
PROCESS PHASES

